

Amendments to the Claims

This listing will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1. (Original) A bovine beta-casein gene targeting vector comprising
(1) a first region having a length of about 6 kb which is homologous to the promoter and its flanking nucleic acid sequences of bovine beta-casein gene, and comprising exon 1, intron 1, and exon 2 of bovine beta-casein gene; (2) a region for cloning a nucleic acid coding for desired proteins; (3) a region for coding a positive selection marker; (4) a second region having a length of 2.8 to 3.5 kb which is homologous to the nucleic acid sequences of bovine beta-casein gene, and comprising exon 5, 6, 7 and 8, and intron 5, 6 and 7 of bovine beta-casein gene; wherein the nucleic acid segment corresponding to the first region is located upstream to the nucleic acid segment corresponding to the second region in the 5' -3' arrangement of beta-casein gene.
2. (Canceled)
3. (Original) The vector according to claim 1, wherein the length of the second region is 3.0 to 3.2 kb.
4. (Original) The vector according to claim 1, wherein the positive selection marker is selected from the group consisting of neomycin (Neo) , hygromycin (Hyg) , histidinol dehydrogenase gene (hisD) and guanine phosphosribosyltransferase (Gpt) .
5. (Original) The vector according to claim 1, wherein the vector further comprises a region for a negative selection marker.
6. (Original) The vector according to claim 5, wherein the negative selection marker is

Diphtheria toxin (DT) gene.

7. (Canceled)

8. (Canceled)

9. (Canceled)

10. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a bovine beta-casein gene-targeted somatic cell which comprises the steps of

(1) introducing the bovine beta-casein gene-targeting vector according to claim 1 or 5 into a bovine embryonic cell or fibroblast cell;

(2) permitting to occur ~~occurring~~ homologous recombination events in the bovine embryonic cell or fibroblast cell; and

(3) selecting the bovine beta-casein gene-targeted bovine embryonic cell or fibroblast cell with a desired gene ~~by homologous recombination~~.

11. (Original) The method according to claim 10, wherein the vector in the step (1) is introduced in form of linearized or deleted form lacking plasmid vector backbone.

12. (Currently Amended) A method for generating transgenic cattle which comprises the steps of

(1) introducing the bovine beta- casein gene-targeting vector according to claim 1 or 5 into a bovine embryonic cell or fibroblast cell;

(2) permitting to occur ~~occurring~~ homologous recombination events in the bovine embryonic cell or fibroblast cell;

(3) selecting the bovine beta-casein gene-targeted embryonic cell or fibroblast cell with a desired gene ~~by homologous recombination~~;

(4) introducing the nucleus of the bovine gene-targeted embryonic cell or fibroblast cell into a nuclear-removed bovine oocyte to produce a nuclear-transferred bovine embryo;

(5) activating the embryo; and

(6)(5)-implanting the embryo into a female bovine recipient.

13. (Currently Amended) A method for obtaining a large scale of desired proteins ~~from milk of the transgenic cattle,~~ which comprise the steps of (1) generating transgenic cattle in accordance with the method of claim 12; and (2) purifying the desired protein from milk of the transgenic cattle. in accordance with the method of claim 12.